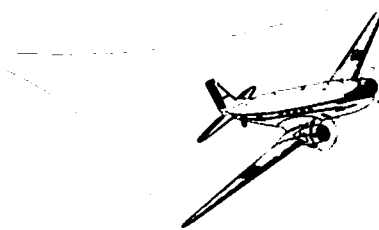


SPECIAL AIRWORTHINESS INFORMATION BULLETIN

Aircraft Certification Service
Washington, DC



U.S. Department
of Transportation

**Federal Aviation
Administration**

CE-05-27
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www.faa.gov/certification/aircraft

This is information only. Recommendations aren't mandatory.

Introduction

This Special Airworthiness Information Bulletin informs you, owners and operators of **Cessna airplanes listed in Table 1**, of a potential problem with **foam-filled elevator trim (F-FET) tabs**. These tabs may soak up moisture, cause internal corrosion and add weight to the tab, which could also lead to flutter.

The following airplanes were manufactured with F-FET tabs:

TABLE 1

Model	Year	Serial Numbers
Cessna P206	1968 through 1969	P206-0420 through P206-0603
Cessna P206	1970	P20600604 through P20600647
Cessna U206	1968 through 1969	U206-0915 through U206-1444
Cessna U206	1970 through 1986	U20601445 through U20607020
Cessna 207	1969 through 1984	20700001 through 20700788
Cessna 210	1960 through 1984	21057001 through 21064897
Cessna T210	1966 through 1969	T210-0001 through T210-0454
Cessna P210	1978 through 1983	P21000001 through P21000834

Background

Cessna discontinued F-FET tabs (P/N 1234628-1) in 1985. However, we still receive reports of corrosion problems on airplanes that have these foam-filled tabs installed. Moisture can cause internal corrosion between the tab and the foam. For example, moisture condenses in the tab when the airplane is flown high enough that the surrounding air is cold, as normally aspirated and turbocharged airplanes would experience. When the skin of the trim tab becomes thin enough due to the corrosion, the actuator can pull the fasteners through the skin and disconnect. When this occurs, the tab can flutter. Reports indicate vibrations in the tail section and portions of the elevator tearing away with the trim tab.

The Cessna Pilots Association weekly newsletter, CPA ATIS, Vol. 7, Issue 49, Thursday, December 9, 2004, provides information on how to detect the corrosion, and what is involved in replacing the foam-filled tabs. Cessna Service Bulletin SEB85-7, dated April 5, 1985, includes information about inspecting elevators and trim tabs. A review of the FAA Service Difficulty Reports (SDR) database since 1974, reveals 46 reports involving foam-filled tabs. A review of past issues of AC 43-16A and its predecessors found 23 articles published from 1972 through 2002 on this problem.

In addition, Alert Bulletins No. 62, dated August 24, 1953, and No. 50, dated August 6, 1952, discuss maintenance and repairs for control surfaces several years before these airplanes were manufactured. Cessna has sold only 18 replacement trim tabs in the past 5 years. Cessna built more than 16,000 airplanes with F-FET tabs.

Recommendation

We recommend that you replace **foam-filled elevator trim** tabs (P/N 1234628-1) with “unfoamed” tabs P/N 1234665-1 or 1234665-9 with doublers 1234666-1/-2 per Cessna

Service Bulletin SEB92-1, dated January 17, 1992, or an FAA-approved equivalent replacement. Also, note that elevator trim tab P/N 1234665-10 (unfoamed) should comply with mandatory Cessna Service Bulletin SEB00-6 dated July 31, 2000.

For Further Information Contact

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